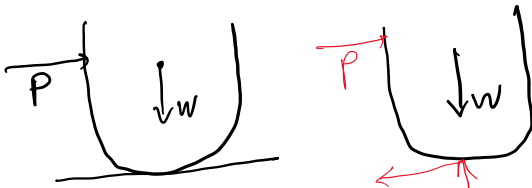
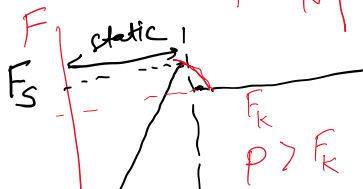


Friction

Thursday, February 13, 2025 6:34 PM



$$\begin{aligned} \sum F_y &= 0 \\ P &= F \\ \sum F_x &\neq 0 \\ \sum F_x &= ma \end{aligned}$$



Leonardo da Vinci

$$F \propto N$$

Guillaume Amontons

$$F \approx \frac{N}{3}$$

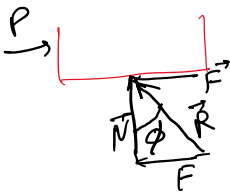
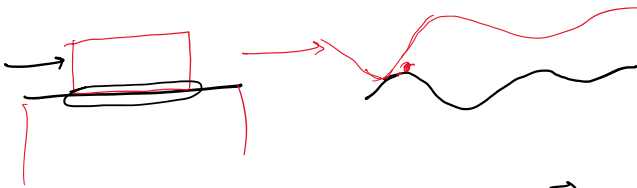
Coulomb

$$F_s = \mu_s N$$

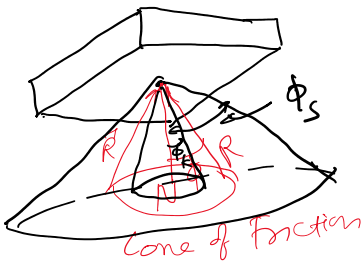
$$F = \mu N$$

$$F_{max} = \mu_s N$$

$$F \leq \mu_s N$$

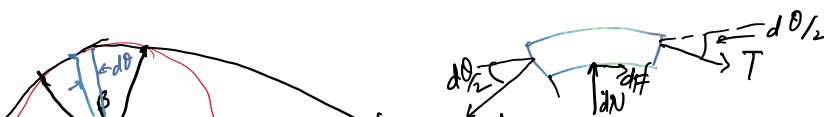


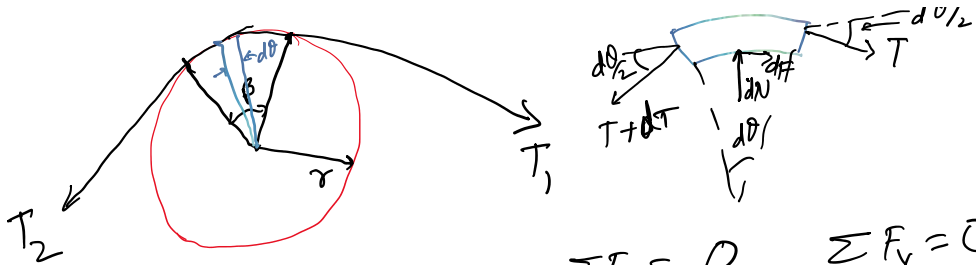
$$\begin{aligned} \vec{R} &= \vec{F} + \vec{N} \\ \tan \phi &= \frac{|\vec{F}|}{|\vec{N}|} = \mu \end{aligned}$$



$$F = \sqrt{F_x^2 + F_y^2} \leq \mu_s N$$

Belt/Cable in contact with Cylindrical Body





$$\sum F_x = 0 \quad \sum F_y = 0$$

$T_2 > T_1$
 $\beta =$ Angle of wrap

$$-(T+dT)\cos\frac{d\theta}{2} + T\cos\frac{d\theta}{2} + dF = 0$$

$$-(T+dT)\sin\frac{d\theta}{2} - T\sin\frac{d\theta}{2} + dN = 0$$

$$dF = \mu dN$$

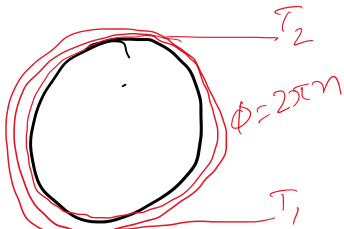
$$d\theta \rightarrow 0 \quad \cos\left(\frac{d\theta}{2}\right) \rightarrow 1$$

$$\sin\left(\frac{d\theta}{2}\right) \rightarrow \frac{d\theta}{2}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{dT}{d\theta} = \mu T}$$

$$\boxed{T_2 = T_1 e^{\mu\beta}} \rightarrow \mu = \mu_s$$

$$T_{2\max} = T_1 e^{\mu_s \beta} > T_2 \geq T_1$$

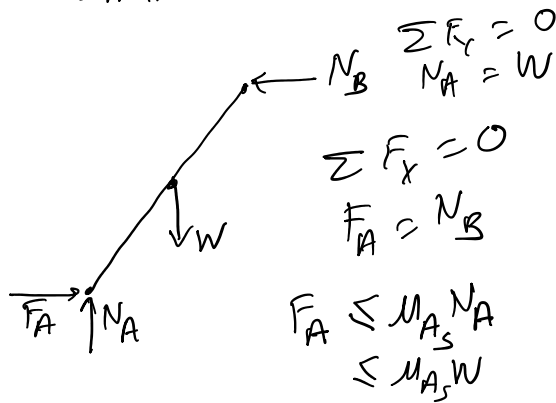
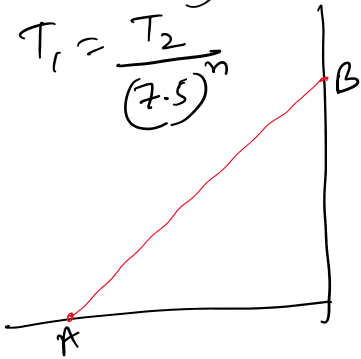


$$\mu = \frac{1}{5} \mu(2\pi n)$$

$$T_2 = T_1 e^{\mu\beta}$$

$$= T_1 (e^{2})^n$$

$$T_1 = \frac{T_2}{(7.5)^n}$$



$$\sum F_y = 0$$

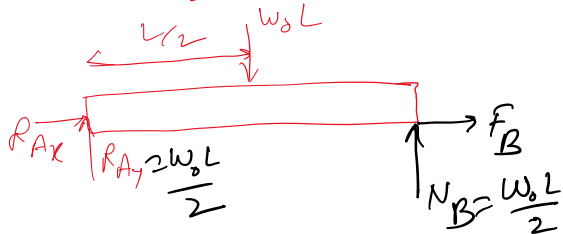
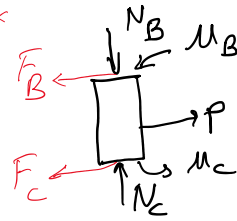
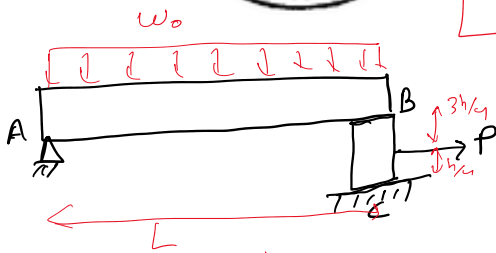
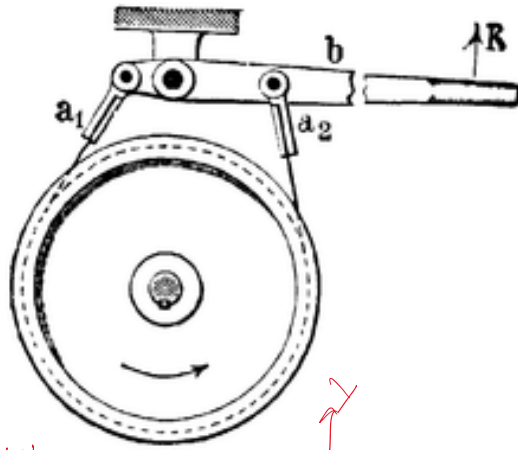
$$N_A = W$$

$$\sum F_x = 0$$

$$F_A = N_B$$

$$F_A \leq \mu_s N_A$$

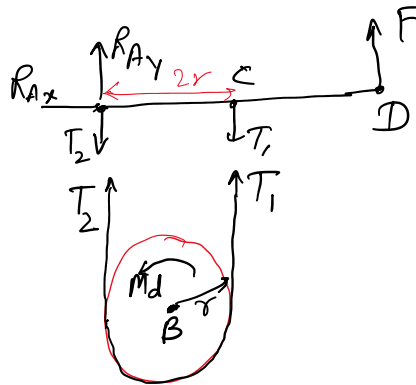
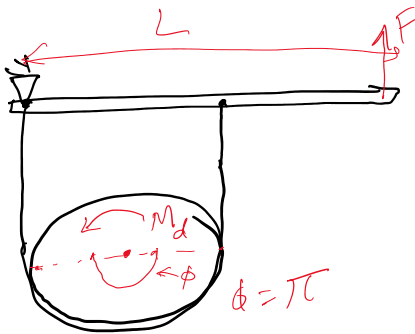
$$\leq \mu_s W$$



$$\begin{aligned} \sum F_y &= 0 \\ M_B &= M_C \\ \sum F_x &= 0 \\ P - F_B - F_C &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F_B &\leq \mu_B N_B = \mu_B \frac{w_0 L}{2} \\ F_C &\leq \mu_C N_C = \mu_C \frac{w_0 L}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum M_C &= 0 \\ \Rightarrow P &= 4F_B \\ &= 4\mu_B N_B \end{aligned}$$



$$T_2 = T_1 e^{\mu\pi}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum M_B &= 0 \\ M_d + (T_1 - T_2)r &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$T_1 = T_2 - \frac{M_d}{r} = T_1 e^{\mu\pi} - \frac{M_d}{r}$$

$$T_2 > T_1 \Rightarrow T_1 = \frac{M_d}{r(e^{\mu\pi} - 1)}$$

For lever ACD

$$\begin{aligned} \sum M_A &= 0 \\ T_1 \times 2r - F \times L &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$T_1 \times 2r - F \times L = 0$$

$$F = \frac{2rT_1}{L}$$

$$= \frac{2M_d}{L(e^{\mu\theta} - 1)}$$

